Friday Worksheet
Volumetric analysis worksheet 6

1. **Volumetric Analysis** is an analytical technique that can be used for many different types of aqueous reactions other than acid/base reactions. Consider the following procedure.

To analyse the concentration of hydrogen peroxide in a sample of hair bleach a student placed 20.00 mL of the bleach in a 250.0 mL volumetric flask and made it up to the mark with distilled water. A 25.00 mL aliquot of the diluted bleach was then taken and titrated against 0.150 M acidified potassium permanganate solution (KMnO_{4 (aq)}). The relevant equation for this reaction is given by:

$$2MnO_{4}^{-}{}_{(aq)} + 5H_2O_{2(aq)} + 16H^{+}{}_{(aq)} \rightarrow 2Mn^{2+}{}_{(aq)} + 8H_2O_{(I)} + 5O_{2(g)} + 10H^{+}(aq)$$

a. Give a balanced half equation for the oxidation reaction

b. Give a balanced half equation for the reduction reaction

c. If the average titre for the 25.00 mL aliquots was 28.35 mL. Calculate the molarity of the hydrogen peroxide in the *original sample* of hair bleach. Clearly show your workings out.